The Sonoma Index-Tribune.

VOL. XIV — SONOMA, SONOMA COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1892. — NO. 38.

SONOMA INDEX-TRIBUNE.

PUBLISHED SATURDAY MORNINGS.

H. H. GRANICE, Proprietor

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

PER YEAR (in advance) - - - - $2 50
If not paid in advance - - - - - - 3 00
SIX MONTHS - - - - - - - - - 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Square of 250 ems, first insertion - $1 50
Each additional insertion up to four - 1 00
Each subsequent insertion - - - - 35

☞ Yearly and Quarterly advertisements inserted at reasonable prices—a liberal reduction on above rates being made. ☜

CHURCHES.

CATHOLIC—FATHER BRENNAN WILL CELEbrate mass on week mornings at 7 A. M. Sunday mornings at 8 and 10:30. Devotions in the evening at 7 P. M.

CONGREGATIONAL — REV. DAVID H. REID, Pastor. Services every Sabbath at 11 A. M and 7:45 P. M. Sunday School at 12:30 P. M. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock. Young Peoples' Society of Christian Endeavor meets at 6:45 P. M. every Sunday.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Rev. Mr Woodward, Pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M Sabbath School at 10 A. M. Prayer Meeting on Thursday evening. Public are cordially invited to attend

SOCIETIES.

SONOMA LODGE, I. O. O. F., No. 28, MEETS IN their hall at Sonoma City, every Saturday evening at 7:30 P. M. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

TEMPLE LODGE, F. & A. M., NO. 14, MEETS in Odd Fellows Hall, Sonoma, the third Tuesday of each month. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

PUEBLO LODGE, A. O. U. W., NO. 168, MEETS first and fourth Tuesday evenings of each month in Temple Hall, Sonoma City. Visiting brethren are cordially invited

REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE NO. 99, I. O. O. F. Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month.

SONOMA PARLOR, NO. 111, N. S. G. W. MEETS every Monday evening at Odd Fellows Hall.

ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR, VALLEY OF the Moon Chapter No. 35, O. E. S., meet at Masonic Hall, Thursday evening on or preceding the full moon.

YOUNG MEN'S INSTITUTE—MEETS THE FIRST and third Wednesday's of each month in Odd Fellows Hall.

SONOMA VINEYARD COUNCIL, NO. 168, ORDER of Chosen Friends meets the first and third Friday evenings at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Hall. Visiting Friends are cordially invited.

SONOMA GROVE, NO. 75, U. A. O. D., MEET at Masonic Hall every Friday evening.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN M. WHITWORTH
—AND—
FREDERICK T. DUHRING,
Attorneys at Law,
Rooms 43, 49 and 50 120 Sutter st.,
San Francisco, Cal.

M. B. HARRISON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Sonoma, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF the State. Office in Justice's Court, Broadway street. jy16

H. H. DAVIS, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. OFFICE and residence, Broadway, Sonoma.

DOCTOR W. K. VANCE,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. OFFICE and Residence Wegner Building, Napa street, Sonoma. Office hours—Before ten, at noon and after seven.

DR. CARL WALLISER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and residence on east side Broadway, one block below the High School, Sonoma.

ROBERT POPPE,
NOTARY PUBLIC. OFFICE — EAST SIDE Plaza, Sonoma, Cal. jul15tf

ALLEN A. CONVERSE,
(Successor to J. Tivnen.)
Insurance Agent and Notary Public.
SONOMA, CAL.
Office in Bonded Warehouse.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SONOMA VALLEY BANK
Transacts a
General Banking Business.

Deposits received and Collections made and remitted at the lowest rates of commission.

DAVID BURRIS, President. F. DUHRING, Vice-President. JESSE BURRIS, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED IN 1850.

CHARLES POPPE,
DEALER IN FINE
Havana & Domestic Cigars.
No. 406 Sacramento Street,
San Francisco, Cal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Notice of Election

Notice is hereby given to the qualified electors of Sonoma City that the General Municipal Election will be held at the City Hall on

Monday, the 11th day of April, 1892,

for the election of the following city officers, to-wit:

Two Trustees.
One Treasurer.
One Marshal.
One Clerk.

The polls will be open from sunrise to five o'clock in the evening.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

F. BREITENBACH,
City Clerk.

Sonoma, March 26, 1892.

Auction Sale

—OF—

Farming Implements, LIVE STOCK

—AND—

HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS.

At Willow Ranch, on Saturday, April 16, 1892, at 2 P. M.

—o—

Terms—Cash.

G. W SPARKS,
3t Auctioneer.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of WILLIAM ALEXANDER, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, Administrator of the estate of William Alexander, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator at the law office of Robert A. Poppe, on the east side of the Plaza in Sonoma City, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said County of Sonoma, State of California.

JOHN ALEXANDER,
Administrator of the Estate of William Alexander, deceased.

Dated at Sonoma City, Cal., this 12th day of March, 1892.

ROBERT A. POPPE, attorney for estate.

Order to Show Cause Why Real and Personal Property Should Not be Sold.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF SOnoma County, State of California.

In the matter of the Estate and Guardianship of Mary M. Ewell, an incompetent person.

It appearing to this Court from the verified petition, this day presented and filed by F. F. Ewell the guardian of the person and estate of Mary M Ewell, an incompetent person, praying for an order of sale of certain real estate and personal property belonging to his said ward, and that it will be beneficial to the said ward and her estate that such real estate and personal property should be sold, and it also appearing that it is necessary to sell said property to pay indebtedness of said ward and to procure means for her support.

It is her by ordered that the next of kin of the said ward, and all persons interested in the said estate, appear before this Court at the court room thereof, at the Court House, in the City of Santa Rosa (in Department One of said Court), on MONDAY, the 18th day of April, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock A. M., then and there to show cause why an order should not be granted for the sale of such estate

And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published at least three successive weeks before said hearing of the said petition in THE SONOMA INDEX-TRIBUNE, a newspaper printed and published in the said County of Sonoma.

S K DOUGHERTY, Judge.

Dated March 21st, 1892.
Attest: A true copy.
L W. JUILLIARD, Clerk.
By W. F. WINES, Deputy Clerk.
WM E. McCONNELL, Esq., attorney for petitioner. 4t

Land Notice.

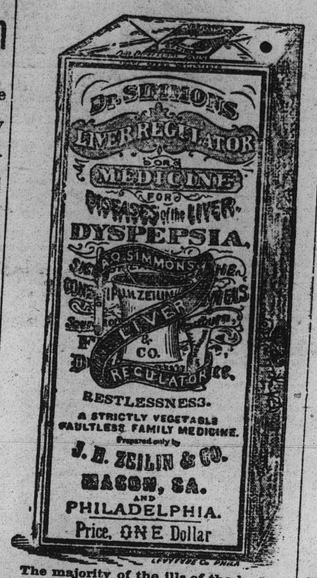
LAND OFFICE AT SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., February 15, 1892. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at San Francisco, Cal., on Thursday, April 14, 1892, viz: John P. Nordwell, H. E. 12,106, for the lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, sec. 18, Tp. 6 N., R. 5 W., M. D. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Theodore A. Medina of Agua Caliente. Albert Groskopf of Glen Ellen, John Branthu of Agua Caliente, Herman Hoz of Glen Ellen

JOHN F. SHEEHAN, Register.

MUNN & CO.
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN
AGENCY for
PATENTS
A pamphlet of information and abstract of the laws, showing How to Obtain Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, sent free. Address MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

MISCELLANEOUS.



The majority of the ills of the human body arise from a diseased Liver. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any other agency on earth.

SEE THAT YOU GET THE GENUINE

HOTELS.

TOSCANO HOTEL,
NORTH SIDE PLAZA, SONOMA, CAL.
S. CIUCCI & CO,
PROPRIETORS.
FIRST-CLASS TABLE. GOOD BEDS.
Wine & Beer 5c per Class.
an20 MEALS, 25c. LODGING, 25c ly

Garibaldi House.
EAST SIDE PLAZA, SONOMA.
Lorenzo Modini, Proprietor.
Meals Served on the Italian Plan.
Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.

Allindas Gardens.
CHAS. JUSTI - Proprietor.
THE JUSTI PLACE, ON THE SONOMA AND Santa Rosa roads has been recently leased by the undersigned under the name of the ALLINDAS GARDENS.
Finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars
dispensed to patrons. A Specialty will be made of Old Sonoma Valley Wines. CHAS. JUSTI.

SALOONS.

PIONEER SALOON
Southeast Corner of the Plaza, SONOMA.
I HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE BEST BRANDS OF
Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Etc.
—ALSO—
Bavaria Lager on Draught.
—ALSO—
The Celebrated Felsen Beer.
F. GROTHAUS,
nov13 Proprietor. tf

CITY SALOON.
D. N. CODIGA & CO.
NAPA STREET, SONOMA.
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
Broadway and Lager Beer.
This Saloon will be conducted in an orderly and first-class manner.
Sonoma, March 1, 1891. tf

Bank Exchange.
NAPA STREET, SONOMA.
A. J. BULOTTI, Proprietor.
The Finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars Always on Hand.
BEER & WINE 5c Per Glass.
This saloon will be kept in an orderly and first-class style. my9tf

PATENTS
CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS AND COPYRIGHTS
Obtained, and all other business in the U. S. Patent Office attended to for MODERATE FEES
Our office is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain Patents in less time than those remote from WASHINGTON.
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C. A. SNOW & CO.,
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C

REST.

My feet are wearied and my hands are tired,
My soul oppressed—
And I desire, what I have long desired—
Rest—only rest.

'Tis hard to toil when toil is almost vain,
In barren ways:
'Tis hard to sow and never garner grain,
In harvest days.

The burden of my days is hard to bear,
But God knows best;
And I have prayed but vain has been my prayer—
For rest—sweet rest.

'Tis hard to plant in spring and never reap
The autumn yield;
'Tis hard to toil, and when tilled to weep
O'er fruitless field.

And so I cry, a weak and human cry,
So heart oppressed;
And I sigh, a weak and human sigh,
For rest—for rest.

My way has wound across the desert years,
And cares infest
My path, and through the flowing of hot tears
I pine—for rest.

'Twas always so—when but a child I laid
On mother's breast
My wearied little head; e'en then I prayed
As now—for rest.

And I am restless still, 'twill soon be o'er:
For, down the west,
Life's sun is setting, and I see the shore
Where I shall rest.

—Father Ryan.

Don't Get Up Too Soon.

"Keep a child in bed for fully a week after every symptom of illness has disappeared," is my rule in all serious diseases," said an eminent physician. "If you will do this you will greatly reduce the chances of a relapse. When the temperature becomes normal and the appetite returns the patient naturally becomes eager to get up, and it is very natural to suppose that the change from bed to lounge, or even to the next room, would be beneficial; but it is really most dangerous. This is generally the time when a busy doctor feels that he ought to be able to turn over his charge to those who are nursing him; and yet in many and many a case a relapse has occurred and the last state is worse than the first. Therefore, as I say, keep the patient in bed a week longer it does no harm, and an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."—New York Tribune.

Mankind's Progress.

Institutions may crumble and governments fall, but it is only that they may renew a better youth. The petals of the flower wither that the fruit may form. The desire of perfection, springing always from moral power, rules even the sword and escapes unharmed from the field of carnage, giving to battles all that they can have of luster and to warriors their only glory; surviving tyrdoms and safe amid the wreck of states. On the banks of the stream of time not a monument has been raised to a hero or a nation but tells the tale and renews the hope of improvement. Each people that has disappeared, every institution that has passed away has been a step in the ladder by which humanity ascends toward the perfection of its nature.—George Bancroft.

Tame Hares.

One spring, after a late fall of snow an old hare brought her leverets from the hill and hid them in a straw stack near a farm, and remained constantly near them all day, coming to them regularly as soon as the twilight made it safe. Hares are bold as well as affectionate, and have been known to drive off a hawk which was carrying away a young one springing up and striking the bird as it flew low above the ground; and their attachment to locality is so great that even if kept at large they would probably not leave their owner's grounds.—London Spectator.

Dutch Etiquette.

The dispute still exists in Holland as to the propriety of kissing the lady who sits next you as you drink her health, or thanking her with a kiss when she drinks yours. Still more unmannerly is it to leave your chair to kiss the young ladies who sit at a distance from you. It is not proper to kiss a lady without washing your lips, and besides it creates confusion at table.—Cornelia J. Chadwick in Scribner's.

She Would See Him Just the Same.

Some persons will never confess themselves beaten or at a loss for a reply. "If I go to England next summer," announced a pretentious woman, "I shall certainly make a point of seeing Browning." "But Browning is dead," said a listener gently. "Oh, of course!" was the hasty reply. "But I meant an effigy of him. There must be one in Westminster abbey."—Youth's Companion.

In the British navy there are about 373 vessels of all kinds; in the Russian navy there are 688 vessels of all kinds, including 312 "small vessels for the use of the ports." Great Britain has 62 ironclads; Russia has 44.

By the Huron Indians the moon is called the creator of the earth and the grandmother of the sun; in the myths of the Ottawas it is an old woman with a pleasant white face the sister of the day star.

According to railroad statistics Americans make an average of twenty-nine trips a year, or ten more than the average Englishman takes.

If rabbits are bad in your vicinity protect your shrubs by tying paper around the stem up to eighteen inches from the ground.

Who First Used the Weed?

To me it appears probable that even before the discovery of the fourth quarter of the globe a sort of tobacco was smoked in Asia. This conjecture being mentioned to the celebrated traveler M. Pallas, he gave the following answer: "That in Asia, and especially China, the use of tobacco for smoking is more ancient than the discovery of the New World, I, too, scarcely entertain the doubt. Among the Chinese, and among the Mongol tribes who had the most intercourse with them, the custom of smoking is so general, so frequent, and become so indispensable a luxury; the tobacco purse affixed to their belt so necessary an article of dress; the form of the pipes—from which the Dutch seem to have taken the model of theirs—so original, and lastly the preparation of the yellow leaves, which are merely rubbed to pieces and then put into the pipe, so peculiar that we cannot possibly derive all this from America, by way of Europe, especially as India, where the habit of smoking tobacco is not so general, intervenes between Persia and China. May we not expect to find traces of this custom in the first account of the voyages of the Portuguese and Dutch to China?"—Beckman's Technology.

Bass and Butterfly.

I was fishing for bass one day in a quiet pool on Elkhorn creek, near Frankfort, Ky., on the outer rim of what is known as Gault's bend. A few yards above where I was standing, knee deep in the water, was a broad shallow, where the current rippled over sunken and about exposed rocks—before subsiding in the deeper waters of the pool. As I drew my bait temptingly across the pool in search of a hungry bass, I noticed a yellow butterfly winging its zigzag flight across the shallow mentioned, and close to the surface of the water.

When half way across, a small bass, probably not over a quarter pound weight, suddenly leaped from the water, struck the butterfly with unerring aim, and fell back with a splash in the shallows. The butterfly was hit hard, as it fell dead or stunned in the stream about three feet from where the bass had intercepted its flight, but unfortunately the little gladiator failed to recover his prize, as it floated undisturbed down into the pool below.—Forest and Stream.

The Irish in Morocco.

A little over a hundred years ago—that is to say, in the year 1788—the then reigning sultan of Morocco took as his wife a red haired and blue eyed Irish girl, the young widow of a sergeant of engineers who had died in Morocco. This Celtic lady seems to have left a famous record behind her. She ruled the sultan and not infrequently rode into battle at the head of her husband's troops.

Her son, known as Mulai Yezzid, inherited much of her pluck and spirit, and was in open rebellion at the time of his father's death. It is a very open question how much of the blood of this Irish lassie runs in the veins of the present sultan of Morocco, Muleyel-Hassan, but it is at least interesting to assume that the known partiality of this ruler for the British nation is due to the romantic marriage which his ancestor made over a century ago.—London Figaro.

Becoming Left Handed Suddenly.

Three years ago a young lady of Fall River, Mass., was hit upon the left side of her head by a falling sign as she was walking along a street in Boston. This was followed by brain fever. After some weeks she was as well in body and mind as ever, but from a right handed person she had become so left handed that she could neither cut, sew nor write with her right hand, but found it easy to do all these things with her left. Her right hand was just about as useful as her left had been before she was hurt. What is strange is that, with so recent a change in the use of her hands, she never makes an akward motion, and is as graceful in the use of her left hand as if she had been born left handed.—Boston Post.

What People Talk About.

If people only talked about what they know a profound silence would settle upon society and a large reward would be offered for an answer to the conundrum originally propounded by Pontius Pilate, "What is truth?" Poor human nature likes to believe the worst of its kind, and there are those who feel personally injured at praise of others. One touch of scandal makes the whole world kin. Only exhibit the weaknesses of the great and a glow of satisfaction suffuses the faces of the little. It is proof positive of the whole democratic dogma, that "one man is as good as another—and better too."—Kate Field's Washington.

A new process of obtaining cobalt, by which great economy is shown, is as follows: The ore is roasted with manganese and common salt, then treated with sulphureted hydrogen to remove the copper, while the cobalt is precipitated with sulphide of sodium.

Petroleum Made Nonexplosive.

A German chemist has invented a method whereby petroleum and similar liquid hydrocarbons can be rendered nonexplosive.—New York Journal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IN A DAY.

LAWRENCE, KANS., Aug. 9, 1888.
George Patterson fell from a second-story window, striking a fence. I found him using
ST. JACOBS OIL.
He used it freely all over his bruises. I saw him next morning at work. All the blue spots rapidly disappeared, leaving neither pain, scar nor swelling. C. K. NEUMANN, M. D.
"ALL RIGHT! ST. JACOBS OIL DID IT."

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

ED. WEGNER,
DEALER IN
FRESH DRUGS,
Perfumery, Patent Medicines, Stationery Candies, Nuts, Cigars, Tobacco.
PAINTS AND OILS
—AND—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
☞ Prescriptions Carefully Compounded
United States St., Opposite Plaza,
SONOMA CITY.

H. WEYL.
DEALER IN
STAPLE GROCERIES
And Sole Agent for the Celebrated
Star ★ Flour
IN SONOMA.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE!
J. A. POPPE
SONOMA, CAL.
A general assortment of all kinds goods kept in stock.
A FULL LINE OF
FINEST DRESS GOODS
Fancy & Dry Goods, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Hats,
Boots and Shoes, Glassware, Crockery and Hardware.
Highest market price paid for all kinds of country produce.

SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.
The success of this Great Cough Cure is without a parallel in the history of medicine. All druggists are authorized to sell it on a positive guarantee, a test that no other cure can successfully stand. That it may become known, the Proprietors, at an enormous expense, are placing a Sample Bottle Free into every home in the United States and Canada. If you have a Cough, Sore Throat, or Bronchitis, use it, for it will cure you. If your child has the Croup, or Whooping Cough, use it promptly, and relief is sure. If you dread that insidious disease Consumption, use it. Ask your Druggist for SHILOH'S CURE. Price 10 cts., 50 cts. and $1.00. If your Lungs are sore or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers.

A Nice Line of Medium and Low-Price FURNITURE
—AND—
BEDDING.
Extremely Low Prices for Cash.
Goods Packed and shipped Free.
SAMUEL BEAL,
818-820 Mission St., above Fourth,
je30 San Francisco. 3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

Quick Time and Cheap Fares
—TO—
Eastern Cities and to Europe,
VIA THE
Trans-Continental All-rail Routes,
—OF THE—
Southern Pacific Company.
[Pacific System.]

Daily Express Trains make prompt connections with Railway Lines in the East,
AND AT
New York & New Orleans
With steamer lines to
EUROPEAN PORTS.
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
—AND—
Second-Class Sleeping Cars
Attached to Express Trains.

☞ Tickets sold, Sleeping Car Berths secured and proper information given upon application at the company's offices, where passengers calling in person can secure choice of routes, etc.
Orders Sold at Lowest Rates for tickets for passage from European and Eastern Cities to any point in the Pacific States and Territories. These Orders, if not used, will be redeemed at the full amount paid therefor.

RICH'D GRAY, Gen. Traf. Mgr. T. H. GOODMAN, Gen'l Pass. Agt., San Francisco, Cal.

Railroad Lands
For Lands in Central and Northern California, Oregon, Nevada and Utah, apply to or address W. H. MILLS, Land Agent, C. P. R. R. San Francisco.
For Land in Southern California, apply to or address JEROME MADDEN, Land Agent, S. P. R. R. San Francisco.

List of Candidates,

To be Voted for at the
Municipal Election
To be Held at the
CITY OF SONOMA,
—ON—
Monday, the 11th day of April, 1892.

FOR TRUTSEES—
Lewis Adler.
S. Schocken.
Henry Seipp.
William Trudgen.

FOR TREASURER—
Chas. McHarvey.
G. H. H. Cornelius.

FOR CLERK AND ASSESSOR—
F. Breitenbach.

FOR MARSHAL & COLLECTOR—
G. W. Sparks.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SONOMA.

I, F. Breitenbach, City Clerk, herewith certify that the foregoing list of candidates contains the names of all persons who have filed their certificates of nomination with me on or before the 21st day of March, 1892.

F. BREITENBACH, City Clerk.

Sonoma, April 1, 1892. 2t

MRS. GRAHAM'S
CUCUMBER and ELDER FLOWER CREAM.

Is not a cosmeticin the sense in which that term is popularly used, but permanently beautifies. It creates a soft, smooth, clear, velvety skin, and by daily use gradually makes the complexion several shades whiter. It is a constant protection from the effects of sun and wind, and prevents sun burns and freckles and blackheads will not come while you use it. It cleanses the face far better than soap and water, nourishes and builds up the skin tissues and thus prevents the formation of wrinkles. It gives the freshness, clearness and smoothness of the skin that you had when a little girl. Every lady, young or old ought to have it, as it gives a more youthful appearance to any lady, and that permanently. It contains no acid, powder or alkali and is as harmless as dew and as nourishing to the skin as dew is to the flower. Price $1.00, at all druggists and hair-dressers, or at Mrs. Gervaise Graham's establishment, 103 Post Street San Francisco, where she treates ladies for all blemishes of the face and figure. Ladies at a distance treated by letter. Send stamp for her little book "How to be Beautiful."

SAMPLE BOTTLE mailed free to any lady on receipt of 10 cents in stamps to pay for postage and packing. Lady agents wanted.

Mrs. Graham's
FACE BLEACH
Cures the worst cases of Freckles, Sunburn, Tan, Sallowness, Moth-patches, Pimples and all skin blemishes. Price $1.00. Harmless and effective. No sample can be sent. Lady agents wanted.

THE DRUGGIST in this town who first orders a bill of my preparations will have his name added to this advertisement.

SONOMA INDEX-TRIBUNE.

SONOMA, APRIL 9, 1892.

H. H. GRANICE - - - - - - - - - - EDITOR

HOW TO VOTE.

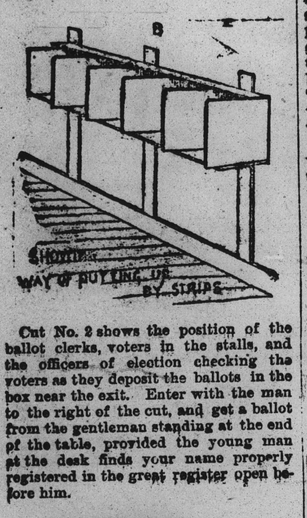
New Ballot Law—Important to the Voters of Sonoma.

Text of the Law and Explanatory Cuts and Sample Ticket.

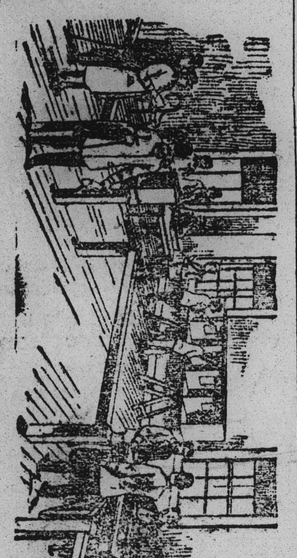
The new Australian ballot law is now in force in this State and every voter is interested in knowing how to comply with the law in casting his ballot.

The new law will be given a trial in Sonoma next Monday. To assist voters to a proper understanding of their duties, we print herewith a full text of the law and illustrations of the voting booths.

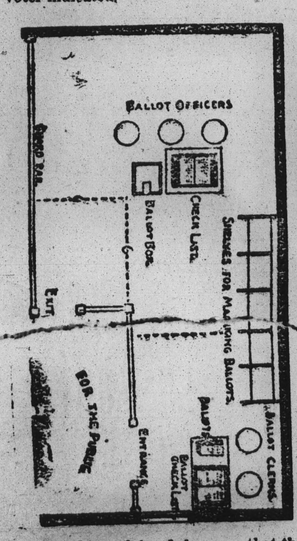
Cut No. 1 shows the boxes or compartments in which the voter prepares his ballot;



Cut No. 2 shows the position of the ballot clerks, voters in the stalls, and the officers of election checking the voters as they deposit the ballots in the box near the exit. Enter with the man to the right of the cut, and get a ballot from the gentleman standing at the end of the table, provided the young man at the desk finds your name properly registered in the great register open before him.



Then walk over to one of the open stalls and mark your ballot in accordance with your wishes, and pass in front of the group at the left, and announce your name to the judges of election. When the young man sitting at the desk finds your name properly registered, you are permitted to deposit the ballot in the box and pass out. That is all there is to it. Cut No. 3 shows the ground plan of Cut No. 2, with the positions of each election officer and voter indicated.



It has been claimed by some that the new law can be beaten, and that vote buying cannot be prevented by the experiment. The following editorial from the San Francisco Examiner seems to state the case about as fairly as it can be done:

"A correspondent of the Examiner warned the California electors of the method by which the Australian ballot system was beaten in Montana. It was a variation of the 'Tasmania dodge,' a voter being bribed to bring out a ballot by substituting a piece of blank paper for the official ballot that was given him on entering the booth. In the 'Tasmania dodge' the voter was supposed to vote the blank paper, in the Montana case to tear it up. The official ballot being brought outside it was filled up by the vote buyer, given to the next voter, who cast the marked ballot and brought out a fresh official ballot. The system was thus made a check on the bribed voter.

"Whether this trick was actually worked or not in the case mentioned, it is amply provided for in the California law. In the first place the voter is forbidden to leave the booth until he has delivered up the ballot he has received on entering. He must give it to the inspector if he wishes to vote it or return it to the ballot clerks in case he does not. But a second check, still more valuable, prevents any illicit use of the ballot even if it is taken outside. When the voter enters the booth the ballot clerks mark the check number of his ballot against his name on the printed register. When he marks the ballot he folds it with the counterfoil or tag that bears the number of the ballot exposed, and delivers the ballot to the inspector. The inspector announces the name and number, the ballot clerks verify it from their record, and the inspector tears off the tag and drops the ballot in the box. If the ballot does not bear the same number as the one he received from the ballot clerks he cannot vote.

"The California ballot system cannot be 'beaten' in this manner except by the collusion of the election officers, challengers and watchers of both parties. It is hardly possible to secure so large a number of corrupt men together, or at all events men corrupted by the same side. Whatever vote buying is done under the system will have to be carried out under the 'assistance to illiterates' provision. This will be a possible but dangerous game to play. It will require the collusion of election officers, and will be readily detected by the watchers. The November election will show whether an amendment on this point will be necessary."

The sample ballot given is intended to show how to mark votes. If a straight ticket is voted, an X in the space at the right of the party for which the voter desires to cast his ballot is sufficient. But a split ticket requires an X opposite each name voted for. Only one office is on this ticket. All are arranged in the same manner.

Sample Ballot.

REGULAR DEMOCRATIC TICKET (straight).	
REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET (straight).	
REGULAR PROHIBITION TICKET (straight).	

To vote for a person, stamp a cross [X] in the square at the right of his name.

Governor.	Vote for One.	
1	John Doe	Democrat
2	S. R. Coe	Republican
3	R. Roe	Prohibition

THE NEW BALLOT LAW

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 1185, 1186, 1187, 1188, 1189, 1190, 1191, 1192, 1193, 1194, 1195, 1196, 1197, 1198, 1199, 1200, 1201, 1202, 1203, 1204, 1205, 1206, 1207, 1208, 1209, 1210, 1211, 1212, 1257, 1258, AND 1259 OF THE POLITICAL CODE, AND TO ADD FOUR NEW SECTIONS THERETO, TO BE NUMBERED 1213, 1214, 1215 AND 1216, ALL IN RELATION TO THE CONDUCT OF ELECTIONS IN THIS STATE.

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 1185 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1185. All ballots cast in elections for public officers within this State shall be printed and distributed at public expense as hereinafter provided. The printing of general tickets and cards of instruction to electors of each county, and the delivery of the same to the election officers, shall be a county charge, the payment of which shall be provided for in the same manner as the payment of other county expenses; and the printing and delivering of "special tickets," and cards of instruction to electors for city, city and county, or town officers, the printing and delivering of cards of instruction shall be a charge upon the respective city, city and county or town in which such "municipal tickets" and cards of instruction are to be used, the payment of which shall be provided for in the same manner as the payment of other city, city and county or town expenses.

SEC. 2. Section 1186 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1186. Any convention, as hereinafter defined, held for the purpose of making nominations for public office, and also a county, to the number hereinafter specified, may nominate candidates for public offices to be filled by election within the State. A convention, within the meaning of this act, is an organized assemblage of delegates representing a political party which, at the last election before the holding of such convention, polled at least 3 per cent of the entire vote of the State, county, district or other political division for which the nomination is made; provided, that in any county, township, city or district wherein no general election shall have been held after its organization, a convention of any party polling at least 3 per cent. of the votes cast in the precincts composing such county, township, city or district shall have the same power, and its nominations the same effect as though such county, township, city or district had been organized before the next preceding general election.

SEC. 3. Section 1187 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1187. All nominations made by any such convention shall be certified as follows: The certificate of nomination, which must be in writing, shall contain the name of each person nominated, his residence and the office for which he is nominated, and shall designate the party or principle which such convention represents. It shall be signed by the chairman and secretary of such convention, who shall add to their signatures their respective places of residence, and make oath before an officer authorized to administer the same, that the matter stated in such certificate is true to the best of their knowledge and belief, and a certificate of the oath shall be annexed to the certificate of nomination.

SEC. 4. Section 1188 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1188. A candidate for public office may be nominated otherwise than by a convention in the manner following: A certificate of nomination containing the name of the candidate to be nominated, with the other information required to be given in the certificates provided for in Section 1187 of this code, shall be signed by electors residing within the district or political division for which candidates are to be presented, equal in number to at least 3 per cents of the entire vote cast at the last preceding election in the state, district or political division for which the nomination is to be made; provided, that 1,000 signatures shall be sufficient for the nomination of a candidate for any office in the State. Said signatures need not all be appended to one paper, but each signer shall add to his signature his place of residence, giving the street and number, when he resides in a city. One of the signers of each such certificate shall swear that the statements therein made are true to the best of his knowledge and belief, and a certificate of such oath shall be annexed. Such a certificate, when made as above prescribed, shall have the same effect as a certificate of nomination made by a party convention.

SEC. 5. Section 1189 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1189. Certificates of nomination shall be filed with the Secretary of State for the nomination of candidates for offices to be filled by the electors of the entire State, or for members of the State Board of Equalization, State Board of Railroad Commissioners, or House of Representatives. Certificates of nomination shall be filed with the Clerk or Secretary of the legislative body of any incorporated city or town for the nomination of any candidate for an office under the government of any city or town, to be filled by the electors of such city or town. For all other nominations or public offices, certificates of nomination shall be filed with the Clerks of the respective counties, wherein the offices are to be filled by the electors; and where the district or political division shall embrace more than one county, each certificate must be filed with the Clerk of the county in which the candidate resides, and the name of each candidate as specified in the certificate of nomination shall be certified by said County Clerk to the County Clerks of the other counties within the district or political division, not less than fifteen days before the day of election.

SEC. 6. Section 1190 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1190. No certificate of nomination shall contain the name of more than one candidate for each office to be filled. No person shall join in nominating, under the provisions of this code, more than one candidate for each office to be filled, and no person who has voted in a convention for or has as a candidate for any office shall join in nominating, in any manner, any other nominee for that office, and no person shall accept a nomination to more than one office.

SEC. 7. Section 1191 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1191. The Secretary of State shall preserve in his office for the period of two years all certificates of nomination filed therein under the provisions of this code, and each County Clerk shall preserve in his office for a like period all certificates of nomination filed therein under the provisions of this code, and each Clerk or Secretary of the legislative body of any incorporated city or town shall for a like period preserve in his office all certificates of nomination filed therein under the provisions of this code.

SEC. 8. Section 1192 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1192. Certificate of nomination required to be filed with the Secretary of State shall be filed not more than sixty days and not less than forty days before the day fixed by law for the election of the persons in nomination when the nomination is made by convention, and not more than sixty days and not less than thirty days before the day of election when the nomination is made by electors as provided in Section 1188 of this code. Certificates of nomination required to be filed with the County Clerks, or with the Clerk or Secretary of the legislative body of any city or town, shall be filed not more than fifty nor not less than thirty days before the day of election, when the nomination is made by a convention, and not more than fifty days nor less than twenty days before the day of election when the nomination is made by electors. Should a vacancy in the list of nominees of a convention occur, such vacancy may be filled by the convention, or if it has delegated to a committee the power to fill vacancies, such committee may, upon the occuring of such vacancy, proceed to fill the same; provided, that no nomination shall be made or certified at a period before the day of election less than the minimum number of days provided for filing certificates of nomination made under this code. The chairman and secretary of the convention, or of such committee, shall thereupon make and file with the proper officer a certificate setting forth the cause of the vacancy, the name of the person nominated, the office for which he was nominated, the name of the person for whom the new nominee is to be substituted, the fact that the committee was authorized to fill vacancies, and such further information as is required to be given in an original certificate of nomination. When a certificate to fill any vacancy shall be filed with the Secretary of State, he shall in certifying the nomination to the various County Clerks, insert the name of the person who has been thus nominated to fill a vacancy in the place of that of the original nominee. Any person whose name has been presented as a candidate, may, at least five days before the making of the publication of the nominations prescribed in this section, cause his name to be withdrawn from nomination by filing with the Secretary of State and County Clerk his request therefor in writing, signed by him and acknowledged before the County Clerk of the county in which he resides, and no name so withdrawn shall be printed on the ballot.

SEC. 9. Section 1199 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1198. Not less than twenty-five days before an election to fill any public office, the Secretary of State shall certify to the County Clerk of each county within which any of the electors may by law vote for candidates for such office, the names of each person nominated for such office, as specified in the certificate of nomination filed with the Secretary of State.

SEC. 10. Section 1194 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1194. At least ten days before an election to fill any public office, the County Clerk of each county shall cause to be published, in at least two newspapers of general circulation within the county, the nominations to office certified to him by the Secretary of State, and also all those filed with the County Clerk. He shall make not less than two such publications in each of such newspapers before election day, one of such publications being made upon the last day upon which such newspaper is issued before the day of election. The list of nominations published by the County Clerks of the respective counties shall be arranged in the order and form in which they will be printed upon the ballot. The clerk of the Secretary of the legislative body of any incorporated city or town with whom the names of any candidates have been filed shall publish in the same manner the list of nominations filed with him; but where only one newspaper is published in such county, city or town, then publication in such newspaper shall be deemed sufficient, and where no newspaper is printed in such county, city or town, publication shall be made through any newspaper designated by the Board of Supervisors of said county, or the legislative body of such city or town, and by posting copies of the ballot in three of the most public places in such county, city or town not less than ten days before the day of election.

SEC. 11. Section 1195 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1195. Whenever a proposed constitutional amendment, or other question, is to be submitted to the people of the State for the popular vote, the Secretary of State shall duly, and not less than twenty-five days before election, certify the same to the Clerk of each county of the State; and the Clerk of each county shall include the same in publication provided for in Section 1194 of this code.

SEC. 12. Section 1196 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1196. Except as in this code otherwise provided, it shall be the duty of the County Clerk of each county to provide printed ballots for every election of public officers, except elections for city or town officers, in which electors or any of the electors within the county participate, and to cause to be printed in the appropriate ballot the name of every candidate whose name has been certified to, or filed with the County Clerk, in the manner provided for in this code. Ballots other than those provided by the respective County Clerks, or the Clerk or Secretary of the legislative body of any incorporated city or town, according to the provisions of this code, shall not be cast nor counted at any election, nor shall the County Clerk of any consolidated city and county to provide separate ballots for every election for city and county officers in which the electors or any of the electors of such city or county participate, and to cause to be printed in such separate ballots the name of every candidate for a city and county office, whose name has been filed with the said County Clerk in the manner provided in this code. It shall be the duty of the Clerk or Secretary of the legislative body of any incorporated city or town to provide separate ballots for every election for city or town officers in which the electors, or any of the electors, of such city or town participate, and to cause to be printed in such separate ballots the name of every candidate whose name has been filed with such Clerk or Secretary in the manner provided for in this code. All ballots shall be of the necessary size and shape to contain the names of all the candidates, together with the necessary blank spaces hereinafter provided for, and shall be printed on tinted paper furnished by the Secretary of State. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to obtain and keep on hand a sufficient supply of paper for ballots, and to furnish the same in quantities ordered to any County Clerk, or Clerk or Secretary of the legislative body of any incorporated city or town upon payment by them of the cost of such paper. Such paper shall be water marked with a design to be furnished by the Secretary of State, in such manner that the said water mark shall be plainly discernible on the outside of such ballot when folded according to law. Such design shall be kept secret from all persons not engaged in the preparation, printing or distribution of the paper or ballots until the day of election. Such design shall be changed for each general election, and the same design shall not be used again at any general election within the space of 14 years, but at any special or separate local election paper marked with the design used at the previous election may be used. Nothing in this code contained shall prevent any voter from writing upon his ballot the name of any person for whom he desires to vote for any office, and such vote shall be counted the same as if printed upon the ballot and marked as voted for.

SEC. 13. Section 1197 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1197. All ballots printed by County Clerks, other than the separate ballots containing the names of candidates for city and county offices printed by the County Clerks of consolidated cities and counties shall be headed "General Ticket"; and all ballots printed by County Clerks of consolidated cities and counties, containing the names of candidates for city and county offices, and also all tickets printed by the Clerk or Secretary of the legislative body of any incorporated city or town, shall be headed "Municipal Ticket." Under the heading of all general tickets, the respective number of the Congressional, Senatorial and Assembly district in which such ticket is to be voted shall be printed, together with the following direction to voters: "To vote for a person [stamp], a cross (X) in the square at the right of the name." Opposite the title of each office shall be printed a direction to the voter specifying the number of persons to be voted for for that office, and opposite each constitutional amendment or other question to be voted upon in separate lines the words "yes" and "no." All municipal tickets containing the names of candidates for ward or district offices, in addition to such direction to voters, shall have the number of the ward or district in which such ticket is to be voted printed thereon. All municipal tickets shall be printed upon paper of a different tint from that of the general ticket. On each ballot a perforated line shall extend from top to bottom, one-half inch from the right-hand side of such ballot, and upon the half-inch strip thus formed there shall be no printing except the number of the ballot, which shall be upon the back of such strip in such position that it shall appear on the outside when the ballot is folded. The number on each ballot shall be the same as that on the corresponding stub, and the ballots and stubs shall be numbered consecutively in each county. All ballots shall be 18 inches in length and 4½ in width, and as many times such width as shall be necessary to contain the names of all candidates nominated. Where the names of candidates are printed in separate columns such columns shall be separated by a rule extending to the extreme right of the column. All ballots shall be printed in plain Roman type, and shall contain the name of every candidate whose nomination for any office specified in the ballot has been certified to and filed according to the provisions of this code, and no other names; [and there shall be added to all the names of candidates their party or political organizations.] The names of the candidates for each office shall be arranged under the designation of the office, in alphabetical order, according to surname. [Except that the names of candidates for the office of electors for President and Vice-President shall be arranged in groups as presented in the several certificates of nomination, and the voter may vote for the whole of said group by making one mark after such group.] There shall be left at the end of the list of candidates for each office as many blank spaces as there are persons to be elected to such office in which the voter may insert the name of any person not printed upon the ballot for whom he desires to vote as candidate for such office; and the names and blank spaces on the whole ticket shall be consecutively numbered, the figures being placed on the left-hand side of such names and blank spaces. There shall be a margin on the right-hand side of the names, at least one-half of an inch wide, so that the voter may clearly indicate, in the way to be hereafter pointed out, the candidate and candidates for whom he wishes to cast his ballot; the county, city or town in which each candidate resides may be printed in small type on the right-hand side of his name. Whenever any question is to be submitted to the vote of the people, it shall also be printed upon the ballot in such a manner as to enable the electors to vote upon such question in the manner hereinafter provided. At the head of each ballot shall be printed in separate lines the names of all political parties which have filed certificates of nomination of candidates in accordance with Sections 1186 and 1187 of this code, thus: "Regular Republican Ticket', (straight); opposite the names of each party, and on the same line therewith, there shall be a margin similar to that herein required, to be left opposite the name of each candidate, in which the voter may place the mark in the manner specified in Section 1200 of this code, if he desires to vote for all of the candidates of such party, but a ballot so marked shall not be counted if it [be stamped in any other place] except to indicate a vote or votes upon a constitutional amendment or other question.

SEC. 14. Section 1198 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 119 . All ballots, when printed, shall be bound in stub-books of 100 ballots each. A record of the number of ballots printed by them shall be kept by the respective County Clerks, and by the Clerk or Secretary of the legislative body of each incorporated city or town.

SEC. 15. Section 1199 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1199. The County Clerk of each county shall provide for each election precinct in the county not less than one hundred general tickets for every fifty or fraction of fifty electors registered in the election precinct; and in case of a consolidated city and county, an equal number of municipal tickets when any city and county officers are to be elected; and the Clerk or Secretary of the legislative body of any incorporated city or town shall furnish a like number of municipal tickets when any city or town officer is to be elected.

SEC. 16. Section 12 0 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1200. Whenever it shall appear by affidavit that an error or omission has occurred in the publication of the names or description of the candidates nominated for office, or in the printing of the ballots, the Superior Court of the county, or the Judge thereof, shall, upon application by any elector, by order, require the County Clerk to correct such error, or to show cause why such error should not be corrected.

SEC. 17. Section 1201 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 12 1. Before the opening of the polls at any election within any county, the County Clerk of the county shall cause to be delivered to the Boards of Election of each election precinct which is within the county, and in which the election is to be held, at the polling-place of the election precinct, the proper number of general tickets to be used in the election precinct, in sealed packages, with marks on the outside, clearly designating the precinct or polling-place for which they are intended, and the number of ballots inclosed, and in case of a consolidated city and county, also a like number of municipal tickets; and the Clerk or Secretary of any incorporated city or town shall in like manner cause to be delivered the proper number of municipal tickets. The County Clerk, Clerk or Secretary shall prepare a receipt for each polling-place, enumerating the packages and stating the time and day and date when the same were delivered by him to the Inspectors of Election. The Inspectors of Election shall sign said receipt upon receipt of the packages, which shall forthwith be returned and filed. The County Clerk, Clerk and Secretary respectively shall have authority to employ such messengers as may be necessary to insure the safe and expeditious delivery of the ballots to the Inspectors or Judges of Election, as provided in this code, and the Board of Supervisors, or other board or body having the control of elections, shall allow such messengers a reasonable compensation for their services, to be paid as other election expenses are paid. In case of the prevention of an election in any precinct by the loss or the destruction of the ballots intended for that precinct, the Inspector or other election officer for that precinct shall make an affidavit setting forth the fact, swear to the same before an officer authorized to administer oaths, and transmit it to the Governor of this State. Upon receipt of such affidavit the Governor may order a new election in such precinct, and upon the application of any candidate for any office to be voted for by the electors of such precinct the Governor shall order a new election in such precinct.

SEC. 18. Section 1202 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1202. At the same time and in the same manner as Inspectors and Judges of Election are now appointed in this State, two ballot clerks for each election precinct in the State shall be appointed, whose duty it shall be to have charge of the ballots on the day of election, and to furnish them to the voters in the manner hereinafter provided. Such ballot clerks shall possess the same qualifications, and shall be paid the same compensation, as Inspectors of Elections. In making appointment of such ballot clerks, one of them shall be taken from the political party that polled the largest number of votes at the last preceding election and the other from the party that polled the next largest number of votes at such election. They shall act as additional Clerks of Election when the polls are closed, and they shall serve until the votes are counted and the returns are signed; provided, that whenever a general and municipal election shall be held at the same time, there shall be appointed one additional Inspector, one additional Judge, and two additional clerks in the manner now provided by law.

SEC. 19. Section 1203 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as foll ws:

Sec. 1203. All office s upon whom is imposed by the law of the State the duty of designating polling places shall cause such polling places to be suitably provided with a ballot-box, to be marked on the outside, "general tickets," and when any city and county or town officers are to be elected a second ballot-box, to be marked on the outside "municipal tickets," and shall also provide a sufficient number of places, booths or compartments at or in which voters may conveniently mark their ballots, so that in the marking thereof they may be screened from the observation of others, and a guard-rail shall be so constructed and placed that only such persons as are inside said rail can approach within six feet of the ballot-boxes and of such booths or compartments. The arrangements shall be such that neither the ballot-boxes nor the box-boom or compartments shall be hidden from the view of those just outside the said guard-rail. The number of such voting booths or compartments shall not be less than one for every fifty electors qualified to vote in the precinct. No person other than electors engaged in receiving, preparing or depositing their ballots shall be permitted to be within said rail before the closing of the polls except by authority of the Board of Election, and then only for the purpose of keeping order and enforcing the law. Each of said voting booths or compartments shall be kept provided with proper supplies and conveniences for marking the ballots.

SEC. 20. Section 1204 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1204. Any person desiring to vote shall give his name and address to one of the ballot clerks, who shall then, in an audible tone of voice, announce the same, and if the other ballot clerk finds the name on the register, he shall in like manner repeat the name and address, whereupon a challenge may be interposed, as provided in Section 1209 of this code. If the challenge be overruled, the ballot clerk shall give him a ticket, and the clerk shall write on the register, opposite the name of the voter, the number of the general ticket given him, and also the number of the municipal ticket given him, when any city, city and county or town officer is to be elected; and the voter shall be allowed to enter the place inclosed by the guard-rail, as above provided. The ballot clerk shall give him but one general ticket, and where any city, city and county or town officers are to be elected, also one municipal ticket; and only one ballot of each kind.

SEC. 21. Section 1205 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1205. On receipt of his ballot the elector shall forthwith, and without leaving the inclosed space, retire alone to one of the places, booths or compartments provided to prepare his ballot. He shall prepare his ballot by marking a cross after the name of the person or persons for whom he intends to vote, thus, X; provided, however, that any elector who desires to vote for an entire party ticket, may mark a cross as above described against the political designation of such party, and shall then be deemed to have voted for all persons nominated by such party; and in case of a constitutional amendment or other question, submitted to the vote of the people, by marking in the appropriate margin, a cross (X) against the answer which he desires to give. Such marking shall be done only with a stamp, which, with necessary pads and ink, shall be provided by the officers who are by this code required to furnish election supplies, for each booth or compartment provided for the marking and preparation of ballots. Before leaving such booth or compartment the elector shall fold his ballot in such a manner that the number of the ballot shall appear on the outside thereof, without displaying the marks on the face thereof, and shall keep it folded until he has voted. Having folded his ballot the voter shall deliver it folded to the Inspector, who shall announce in an audible tone of voice the name of the voter and the number of his ballot. The ballot clerk having the register in charge, if he finds the number to correspond with the number marked opposite the voter's name on the register, shall in like manner repeat the name and number, and shall mark opposite the name the word "voted." The Inspector shall then separate the number from the ballot, and shall deposit the ballot in the box. The numbers of all ballots voted shall be immediately destroyed.

SEC. 22. Section 1206 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1206. Not more than one person shall be permitted to occupy any one booth at one time, and no person shall remain in or occupy a booth longer than necessary to prepare his ballot, and in no event longer than ten minutes.

SEC. 23. Section 1207 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1207. Any voter who shall spoil a ballot shall return such spoiled ballot to the Ballot Clerk and receive another one in its place, one at a time, not to exceed three in all. All the ballots thus returned shall be immediately cancelled, and, with those not distributed to the voters, shall be returned with the registered list and ballots, as now provided in Sections 1283 and 1284 of this code. Every elector who does not vote the ballot delivered to him shall, before leaving the polling place, return such ballot to the Ballot Clerks having charge of the ballots, who shall immediately cancel the same and return them in the same manner as spoiled ballots. The Ballot Clerks shall account for the ballots delivered to them by returning a sufficient number of unused ballots to make up, when added to the number of official ballots cast and the number of spoiled ballots returned, the number of ballots given to them, and it shall be the duty of the officers receiving such returned ballots to compel such an accounting.

SEC. 2 . Section 1208 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as foll ows:

Sec. 1208. Any elector who declares, under oath, to the presiding election officer that he cannot read, and that by reason thereof, or that by reason of physical disability, he is unable to mark his ballot, shall, upon request, receive the assistance of any one of the officers of election [illegible] may choose, who declares, under oath, to such officer shall thereafter give no information regarding the same.

SEC. 25. Section 1209 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1209. No member of the Board of Election shall deposit in the ballot-box any ballot from which the slip containing the number of the ballot has not been removed by the Inspector.

SEC. 26. Section 1210 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1210. The County Clerk of each county, or in case of separate city or town elections, the Clerk or Secretary of the legislative body of such city or town shall cause to be printed on plain white paper, without water-mark or [illegible]ments (except the words "sample ballot") at least as many copies of the form of ballot provided for use in each voting precinct as there shall be registered voters in such precinct. Such copy shall be designated "sample ballots," and shall be furnished to registered voters at the office of such Clerk or Secretary five days before the day fixed by law for such election, and at any time during such five days; provided, that not more than one sample ballot shall be furnished to any one voter. Such Clerk or Secretary shall cause to be printed, in large, clear type, on cards, instructions for the guidance of electors in obtaining and marking their ballots. He shall furnish twelve such cards to the Board of Election in each election precinct in his county, at the same time and in the same manner as the printed ballots and sample ballots. The Board of Election shall post at least one of such cards in each booth or compartment provided for the preparation of ballots, and not less than three of such cards at other places in and about the polling places on the day of election. Sections 1214 and 1215 of this code and Section 61 of the Penal Code shall also be printed on each of said cards.

SEC. 27. Section 1211 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1211. In canvassing the votes any ballot which is not made as provided in this act shall be void, and shall not be counted; but each such ballot must be preserved and returned with the other ballots. Any name written upon a ballot shall be counted for the office under which it is written, whether or not a cross is marked after it. If a voter marks more names than there are persons to be elected to an office, or if for any reason it is impossible to determine the voter's choice for any office to be filled, his ballot shall not be counted for such office.

SEC. 28. Section 1212 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1212. Any person entitled to vote at a general election held within this State shall, on the day of such election, be entitled to absent himself from any service or employment in which he is then engaged or employed for the period of two consecutive hours, between the time of opening and the time of closing the polls; and such voter shall not, because of so absenting himself, be liable to any penalty, nor shall any deduction be made on account of such absence from his usual salary or wages.

[Amend Section 1257 of the Political Code to read as follows:

After the lists are thus signed, the board must proceed to open the ballots and count and ascertain the number of votes cast for each person voted for. All the ballots must be taken out of the ballot-box, one at a time, and opened by one of the members of the board, and as so taken out, the straight ballots must be placed in separate piles, according to their respective ticket headings, vignettes, or other designations in manner as follows, to wit: All the straight ballots of each separate party must be placed in a separate pile, and straight undesignated ballots must be placed in a separate pile in a like manner. When all the straight ballots shall have been so placed in piles, the number of ballots in each such pile must be carefully, correctly and distinctly counted aloud by a member of the board, in presence of the board and of the bystanders, whereupon an official record must be made by each clerk of the total number of ballots in each such pile. Immediately thereafter all straight ballots, according to their respective headings, vignettes or other designations, shall be distinctly read by such clerks and the official record so made by clerks shall be read in connection with the office for which he is a candidate, and said total shall be so credited to such candidate. Immediately thereafter such straight ballots must be by one of the Judges strung upon one string in such a manner that all the straight ballots of each party shall be in direct succession and immediate proximity upon said string, and all such straight ballots, after being so strung, and all such straight ballots must be securely bound together by said string and replaced in the ballot-box.

All the ballots, other than straight ballots, of each separate political or other party must so be placed in a pile. Such ballots shall have been so placed in a pile the number of ballots in such pile must be carefully, correctly and distinctly counted aloud by a member of the board in the presence of the board and of the bystanders, whereupon an official record must be made by each clerk of the total number of ballots in such pile. Immediately thereafter all the ballots, other than straight ballots, must be by one of the Judges strung upon one string in such a manner that all the ballots, other than straight ballots, shall be in direct succession and immediate proximity upon said string; and all such ballots, after being so strung, shall thereupon be securely bound and replaced in the ballot-box.]

SEC. 30. Section 1258 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1258. Each clerk must write down each office to be filled and the name of each person marked in each ballot as voted for to fill such office, and keep the number of votes by tallies as they are read aloud.

SEC. 31. Section 1259 of the Political Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 12 9. The ballots, as soon as the names marked on them as voted for are read, must be strung on a string by one of the judges, and must not thereafter be examined by any person, but must, as soon as all are counted, be carefully sealed in a strong envelope, each member of the board writing his name across the seal.

SEC. 32. Four new sections are hereby added to the Political Code, to be numbered, respectively, 1213, 1214, 1215 and 1216, as follows:

Sec. 1213. No person shall falsely make, or fraudulently deface or destroy any certificate of nomination, or any part thereof, or file any certificate of nomination, knowing the same or any part thereof to be falsely made, or suppress any certificate of nomination which has been duly filed, or any part thereof, or make, use, keep or furnish to others, except as in this code so directed, any paper water-mark in imitation of ballot paper, or disclose the same to any person not engaged in making, printing or distribution of ballot paper or ballots.

Sec. 1214. No person shall, during an election, remove or destroy any of the supplies or other conveniences placed in the voting booths or compartments, as provided in this code, for the purpose of enabling the voter to prepare his ballot. No person shall, during an election, remove, tear down or deface the cards printed for the instruction of voters.

Sec. 215. No officer of election shall disclose to any person the name of any candidate for whom any elector has voted. No officer of election, nor any person, shall do any electioneering on election day within one hundred feet of any polling-place. No person shall remove any ballot from any polling-place before the closing of the poll. No person shall apply for or receive any ballot at any election precinct other than that in which he is entitled to vote. No person shall show his ballot after it is marked to any person in such a way as to reveal the contents thereof, or the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he has marked his ballot; nor shall any person, except a member of the Board of Election, receive from any voter a ballot prepared by such voter, or examine such ballot, or solicit the voter to show the same. No person shall ask another at a polling-place for whom he intends to vote. No voter shall receive a ballot from any other person than one of the ballot clerks; nor shall any other person than a ballot clerk deliver a ballot to such voter. No voter shall deliver to the Board of Election, or to any member thereof, any ballot other than the one he has received from the ballot clerk. No voter shall place any mark upon his ballot by which it may be afterward identified as the one voted by him.

Sec. 1216. In all counties, and cities and counties, in this State, having a Registrar of Voters and a Board of Election Commissioners, the powers conferred and the duties imposed by this code upon the County Clerks and other officers, in relation to matters of election and polling-places, shall be exercised and performed by such Registrar of Voters and Board of Election Commissioners, and all certificates of nomination required by this code to be made to County Clerks shall be made to the Registrar of Voters.

SEC. 33. This act shall take effect on the 1st day of July, 1891.

Safety in the Midst of Danger

This would seem a contradiction—is so, in fact, to the eye. But experience has proved its possibility. Take the case of the individual who dwells in a malarious region. A robust constitution is no certain defence against the dreaded chills. What is? Recorded testimony, covering a period little short of half a century, proves that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is precisely this. This continent does not limit the field where the medicine has proved its efficacy. In South America, the Isthmus of Panama, Mexico, everywhere in fact where miasma-born disease takes on its most obstinate and formidable types, the Bitters is a recognized specific in illimitable demand, and prescribed by physicians of repute. Potent, too, is it in disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, and against that destroyer, la grippe. It improves appetite and sleep, neutralizes rheumatism and kidney complaints.

All kinds of crockery, glassware, hardware and blockmakers tools sold cheap for cash at Schocken's.*

NEW TO-DAY.

Eternal Vigilance

Is the price of good health. But with all the precaution we may take there are enemies always lurking about our systems, only waiting a favorable opportunity to assert themselves. Scrofula and other impurities in the blood may be hidden for years or even for generations, and suddenly break forth, undermining health and hastening death. For all diseases arising from impure blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the unequalled and unapproached remedy. It is King of them all, for it conquers disease. It builds up in a perfectly natural way all the weakened parts, vitalizes, enriches and

Purifies the Blood

And assists to healthy action those important organs, the kidneys and liver. If you need a good medicine you should certainly take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

NEW TO-DAY.

Cures Others

Will cure You, is a true statement of the action of AYER'S Sarsaparilla, when taken for diseases originating in impure blood; but, while this assertion is true of AYER'S Sarsaparilla, as thousands can attest, it cannot be truthfully applied to other preparations, which unprincipled dealers will recommend, and try to impose upon you, as "just as good as Ayer's." Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla and Ayer's only, if you need a blood-purifier and would be benefited permanently. This medicine, for nearly fifty years, has enjoyed a reputation, and made a record for cures, that has never been equaled by other preparations. AYER'S Sarsaparilla eradicates the taint of hereditary scrofula and other blood diseases from the system, and it has, deservedly, the confidence of the people.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

"I cannot forbear to express my joy at the relief I have obtained from the use of AYER'S Sarsaparilla. I was afflicted with kidney troubles for about six months, suffering greatly with pains in the small of my back. In addition to this, my body was covered with pimply eruptions. The remedies prescribed failed to help me. I then began to take AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and, in a short time, the pains ceased and the pimples disappeared. I advise every young man or woman, in case of sickness resulting from impure blood, no matter how long standing the case may be, to take AYER'S Sarsaparilla."—H. L. Jarmann, 33 William st., New York City.

Will Cure You

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

SPRING & SUMMER 1892.

Fashionable Millnery.

LATEST NOVELTIES IN

Hats, Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons, Veiling, Etc.

IDA DINWIDDIE,

MAIN ST. PETALUMA.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation permanently. For sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all druggists.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y

JOHN E. SEXTON,

32 PINE ST.,

San Francisco, California.

CONTRACTOR

FOR ALL KINDS OF

STONE, CONCRETE AND MACHINERY.

Wine Cellars, Foundations for Houses and Cement Sidewalks in any quantity Contracted for.

PUMPING PLANTS

And all kinds of Light Machin

SONOMA INDEX - TRIBUNE.

SONOMA, APRIL 9, 1892.

CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Star flour at Weyl's. The best and cheapest. *

Go to S. Shocken's for fine fresh groceries. *

For the best and cheapest groceries go to Weyl's. *

Farmers, if you want a good meal go to the Union. *

Schocken always has on hand fresh groceries.

The Republican primaries will be held on April 21st.

The celebrated Vacuum Lager on draught at the Union Hotel.

If you don't take the INDEX TRIBUNE you don't get the local news.

The Grangers Parlor of Glen Ellen will hold a picnic in that place May 9th.

Louis Breitenbach, formerly City Marshal of Sonoma, was elected Marshal of Santa Rosa at the recent election held in that city.

Miss Zenoma Gray of San Francisco will give a recital at Weyl's Hall on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, April 12th and 13th. Admission 25 cents; children 15 cents.

The attention of the people of Sonoma and Vallejo Townships is called this week to the new advertisement of the Great Bargain House in Petaluma where dry goods and clothing are sold at the very lowest prices.

The contractor for the new iron bridge to span Sonoma Creek at Agnew's crossing, has been notified by the Supervisors to commence the construction of the same immediately.

John Sloper's ten - year - old daughter met with a painful accident while playing in her father's barn at Petaluma last Sunday. She slipped and fell into a manger, dislocating her right elbow.

Antonio Baccala, while driving a team of horses attached to a farm wagon for T. Erskine, last Monday, was thrown from his seat and sustained a serious bruise of the right arm No serious results are anticipated.

Mrs. Jas. McMahon, mother of Miss Maggie McMahon formerly a teacher in the public school at this place, died at her home in Santa Rosa on Friday evening of last week. Her death was caused by heart disease and was very sudden.

Berryman, the young thief who tapped the till in Hansen's Saloon in Glen Ellen, in broad day light, had his examination before the Justice of the Peace in that place last Saturday, and was held to answer before the Superior Court on a charge of grand larceny.

Cheap for cash—For sale at Badger's, Agua Caliente—A good express wagon, open buggy, new and second-hand harness, saddles, gridles, halters, etc., stoves. Also furniture, beds and bedding. Best curled hair mattresses made to order. A new bed and mattress for $3.00. Staple groceries and general merchandise.

The Union Hotel, under Mr. Zeller's management is one of the best country hotels in the State. The bar and tables are supplied with the best the market afford. Trout fishing near at hand. The climate is unsurpassed and all who make the Union Hotel their home will be well treated. +

There is an old and trite saying that "fools build houses and wise people live in them." It would seem that there is some truth in the adage. Take for instance the civil suit of John Gibson vs. Annie Crofoot, which has been continued to April 11th, in the Superior Court of this county. The parties live in Glen Ellen. Mr. Gibson the plaintiff is the owner of the Glen Ellen Hotel, and Mrs Crofoot's lease to the same expired the 1st of last March. The owner desires to gain possession of his property from the lessee, but this he cannot do as his tenant refuses to vacate. It is one of the peculiarities of our civil law that in a suit of this kind a stubborn tenant can stand off the owner of the property at least a year and deprive him of his rightful belongings, and he is a lucky man indeed who can recover one cent of the year's rental in cases like the one cited above.

We publish this week on the second page, the new ballot law entire with instructions to voters. Also illustrations of the boxes or compartments used by voters in preparing their ballots, the position of the ballot clerks in the voters stalls, the officers of election and also a ground plan with the relative position of each officer of election and the voter. The publication of this artile is very essential at this time as a municipal election will be held in Sonoma next Monday on the new plan, which not one in one thousand voters understands. As the matter covers over five columns of small type, it compels us of necessity to sacrifice our local columns. Every citizen in Sonoma Valley we are sure will overlook this week any shortcomings on the local page, but how about the ladies? We know they will pronounce the reading on the second page as horrid and no account anyhow, but if it is any degree of comfort to them we would advise them to read the new law also, because they may become voters themselves one of these days, which would be just too lovely for anything.

CITY TRUSTEES.

Almost a Row Between a Trustee and a Citizen Who Wants to Become One.

The meeting of the City Trustees last Wednesday evening would have been a very tame affair had it not been for a member of the Board, who had a wordy combat with a citizen who is not a Trustee but would like to be one. The tilt between the two happily ended without bloodshed, although there was enough bluster to have frightened anyone out of his boots but a valient knight

The members present were Trustees Poppe, Wegner, Weyl and Litgius.

After the minutes of the previous meeting had been read and approved, the report of the Fire and Water Committee was laid over for one month and the Street Committee granted further time to report on the sewer law.

The following were appointed officers for the election to take place next Monday. D. M. Eschbach and D. D. Davisson, Inspectors; A. J. Van Every and G. W. McIntyre, Judges; J. B. Small and O. W. Brown, Election Clerks; Eugene Robin and J. H Albertson, Ballot Clerks. The compensation is to be $3 each.

Voting booths were ordered to be erected by Clerk Breitenbach, $10 being appropriated for the same.

Peter Baccala was appointed cleaner of the fire apparatus *vice* Wm. New, bounced.

Jas H. Albertson, representing the Sonoma Frieman, asked that two lanterns be furnished the firemen, as they were badly needed. His request was referred to the Fire and Water Commitee.

When the matter of removing those old trees in the center of the sidewalk on First-street East south of Napa street came up for discussion blood was discovered on the moon, and there was a lively tilt between the owner of the property, L. Adler, and Trustee Litzius, whose vision had been greatly offended by the presence of those trees, which long since out-lived their usefulness and which if left to remain where they are will destroy the appearance of what would otherwise be one of the nicest sidewalk improvements in the town.

The result of the wordy war finally culminated in an armistic and an order being passed by the Board that Mr. Adler be notified that he remove the trees within ten days or the city would have them removed at his expense, whereat the offended property owner left the room with a knowing wink and his left fore finger pressed against his nose. He knew a thing or two. The minute book of the Trustees is full of just such orders, but there is not an authenticated case on record where one of those orders were ever enforced.

The following bills were allowed and ordered paid: F. Breitenbach, supplies, $4 75; Lee Bulotti, street work, $16.50; Wm. Green, lumber, $6.85; G. W. Sparks, salary and service, $16 50; J. Fochetti, blacksmith work, $1.75; J. B. Small, contract work, $93.15; J. B. Small, work, $82.00; John Rose, street work, $114. 50; Peter Keil, work on Plaza, $50. 00; Peter Baccala, work on Plaza, $10; Ed. Wegner, supplies, $2.75; Newton V. V. Smyth, sewer survey, $10. 50.

DEATH OF A PIONEER.

John Gibson of Glen Ellen Passes Peacefully Away.

John Gibson, one of Sonoma Valley's oldest and most respected citizens, died at his home in Glen Ellen last Thursday after a brief illness. Mr. Gibson was a native of County Kent, England, and aged 76 years and nine months. He came to California in 1850 and in 1856 located in this valley, where he continued to reside up to the day of his death. He leaves a widow, a son, J. W. Gibson of Glen Ellen, a daughter, Mrs. Geo. E Guerne of Santa Rosa, and a step-son, John H. Gibson, residing in San Jose. The funeral of deceased takes place to-day at 11 A. M., from his late residence and will proceed by train to Santa Rosa, where his remains will be laid to rest in Santa Rosa Cemetery.

A Prolific Hen.

Ed. Steiger of Agua Caliente is the owner of a common dung-hill fowl that lays a double yolk egg every day—that is to say, two eggs in one shell. Three of these eggs were sent to this office this week, laid in as many consecutive days, that average in size 9 inches around one way and 7 inches the other way.

Be Your Own Doctor.

It won't cost you one half as much. Do not delay. Send three 2 cent stamps for postage, and we will send you Dr. Kaufmann's great work, five colored plates, from life, on disease, its causes and home cure Address A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass.

Dr. Walliser has sold seven acres of land to J. Vanderdecken who will erect a neat cottage thereon.

SCARCITY OF MONEY.

Mr. Editor:

In a recent issue you dwell on the scarcity of money in this town and valley, and relate an instance where it affected yourself directly, as well as the people indirectly. Where the printing for a ball given in this place last month was sent to the city to be done, when it could have been done at home just as well and as cheap. In that the writer agrees with you that it is doing Sonoma and Sonoma Valley an injustice. It is bad enough when there is a ball or entertainment given here that the music has to be brought from elsewhere, as this valley is able to afford its own music if some of the musical inclined would let it be known that they would furnish the music. On such occasions from $30 to $40 might remain in the place instead of going to some other place, like the printing mentioned, never to return.

But Mr. Editor, instead of talking of a trivial amount of lost coin let us proceed to show up a custom that has and is still sticking like a hungry leech, sucking the last drop of blood out of the valley. I refer to the Chinese, who have a virtual monopoly of the labor in this valley. What do we find them doing? They are in swarms in the orchards and vineyards. They are made foremen on ranches and chambermaids and cooks in the houses and are even used as coachmen, which many of your readers can testify to. What does it all mean? Or rather, what has been the effect? It is this. Twenty-three dollars out of every $25 paid the Chinese in wages is never seen in this valley again, rarely in the country.

I ask the parties who are responsible for such a state of affairs if they can look around the valley in general and not feel a remorse of conscience for what they are bound to acknowledge that they, to a great extent, are responsible for. The plea of the lack of white labor has grown to be a huge chestnut, as there is an abundance of it. Treat it as well as you do the Chinese in proportion to the amount of work they do and three fourths of the money will remain at home. It is not necessary that we spend it in the bar room, but the workingman will lend it to those who want it and can give reasonable security for it. Or it may be one who has grown up among you, who will pay a debt that otherwise he cannot pay; or it may be the means of keeping those here who would otherwise have to leave the valley, as has too frequently been the case of late. Don't try to replace your house servants at about half the wages and expect more of the weaker sex than you do of the Chinaman, as I am sorry to say has been done in this valley.

If you can afford to teach your daughters that work is no disgrace, and they will do the household work instead of driving with the weekly wash when the father is growing gray with the thoughts of the mortgage becoming due, as I have frequently noted in the past, it would be better for all hands round.

JUSTICE.

Lecture.

Mrs. Letitia Owen of San Francisco will lecture in the Congregational Church this (Saturday evening) and also to-morrow evening. Subject for this evening, "Influence;" to-morrow evening, "Charity."

What a debt of gratitude the world owes to such men as Drs Ayer and Jenner—the latter for the great discovery of vaccination, and the former for his Extract of Sarsaparilla—the best of blood purifiers! Who can estimate how much these discoveries have benefited the race!

Accident.

John Burns, son of Wm. Burns, while working on the Senator Jones ranch last Monday, fell into a rut and sprained his right foot. Immediately after the accident the young man was seized with a fit of violent vomiting and it is feared his fall may have resulted in an internal injury. Young Burns is under the care of one of our physicians, who reports his patient as somewhat improved.

The World Enriched.

The facilities of the present day for the production of everything that will conduce to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are almost unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

The use of Hall's Hair Renewer promotes the growth of the hair, and restores its natural color and beauty, frees the scalp from dandruff, tetter, and all impurities.

Miss Dollie Patterson of Alameda and Miss Emma McGuire of San Francisco are the guests of Miss Ella McIntyre.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SOCIAL EVENTS.

Personals, Weddings, Parties and Other Gatherings.

T. Graham visited Petaluma Monday.

Fred. Smith visited friends in Sonoma last Sunday.

Mrs. Dr. Osborne and son are visiting in San Francisco.

Henry Ellsworth of Petaluma is visiting relatives in this place.

Mrs. P. L. McGill and family are visiting relatives near Sonoma

Mrs. W. T. Baker and family visited the metropolis last Monday.

Wm Appleton was up from the city last Sunday visiting relatives.

Miss Tilden of Oakland was visiting at Locust Grove last Sunday.

August Schweinhardt was in the city last Wednesday on business.

Rev Father Brennan spent several days in San Francisco this week.

Controller E. P. Colgan was visiting friends in Santa Rosa Wednesday.

Miss Maggie Stevenot visited friends in San Francisco the past week.

The Sonoma Public school closed yesterday for a vacation of two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Dresel took Wednesday morning's train for San Francisco.

Henry Raschen has been very ill the past two weeks at his home in San Francisco.

Dr. Osborne, physician at the Feeble Minded Home, returned from the city Wednesday.

Miss Farmer of Santa Rosa has been visiting her cousin Miss Jennie Bush at Orange Lawn.

Miss Florence Linehan left Sonoma last Wednesday for a visit to her aunt in San Francisco.

Miss Ella McIntyre, after a week's visit in San Francisco, returned to her home last Monday evening.

E. E Oulevey, manager of Kohler & Frohling's large vineyard near Glen Ellen, was in Santa Rosa Monday.

The Can You Guess Club met last night. This was the first meeting that the above club has held for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Wegner (nee Blanche Glaister) were presented with a baby boy on Friday afternoon of last week.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hooper of San Francisco has been brightened by the presence of an infant daughter.

Mrs. Raschen and daughters, formerly of this place, have recently been left an independent fortune by a deceased relative in Germany.

Mrs. G. H. Holtz was summoned last Tuesday to the bedside of her sister Mrs. Stevenson, who is lying very ill at her home in San Francisco.

Mrs. Nancy Sneed, we regret to learn, is reported to be in very poor health from general nervous failure owing to her extreme old age. Mrs. Sneed recently attained her 85th birthday.

Miss Nellie Conlin came up from San Francisco last Sunday, where she has been under treatment for injuries received in a runaway accident which happened several weeks ago in the above city.

Miss Ida Dinwiddie, the only fashionable milliner of Petaluma, offers to the ladies of Sonoma the latest styles in Spring Millinery. A specialty made of all kinds of veiling. Those ladies of Sonoma Valley who do not often visit Petaluma can send their orders by mail which will receive prompt attention.

GLEN ELLEN.

Julius Wegner has recently sold considerable wine and is now shipping the same to San Francisco.

Owing to the illness of one of their children, Mr. and Mrs. A. Roncoviere and family have returned to San Francisco.

F. M. Luttrell of Byron came up to-day and attended the regular meeting of the Native Sons.

Rev. F. Parker and W. Cyclone Gingra have taken a contract and will chop one hundred cords of stove wood for M. E. Bones.

Dr. H. H. Davis of Sonoma was in town last Tuesday.

We are glad to state that W. A. Thompson, who has been quite ill for the past few weeks, has greatly improved.

District Attorney Burnett and reporter Hall of Santa Rosa were in town last Monday.

John Wilson has taken to reading novels and for exercise spades the garden.

Mr. Leiss, the famous bear hunter of whom mention was made in last week's issue of the INDEX-TRIBUNE, made a complete circuit of the globe and turned right side up with care in this place last Monday.

Visiting day at the Home for Feeble Minded has been changed from Tuesday to Saturday. Visitors will be allowed on the grounds and in the buildings on that day only.

REMINGTON.

Glen Ellen, April 7th, 1892.

The confidence that people have in Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a blood medicine is the legitimate and natural growth of many years. It has been handed down from parent to child, and is the favorite family medicine in thousands of households.

To Voters.

The impression prevails among many voters in Sonoma that at the election next Monday they must vote for no one unless his name is on the ticket. This is not so. If voters so desire they can vote for any one they choose whether he be on the ticket or not, and if such a person gets a majority of the votes he will be declared elected.

The Geary Chinese exclusion bill passed the House of Representatives last Monday and the news was received by almost every resident of this coast with great rejoicing.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle.

A Leader.

Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medical tonics and alteratives—containing nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of Stomach, Liver or Kidneys. It will cure Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation and drive Malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Price only 50c. per bottle. Sold by Ed. Wegner.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggists to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at Ed. Wegner's Drug Store. Large size 50c and $1.00.

MISCELLANEOUS. | MISCELLANEOUS.

The Very Best Values in

CLOTHING!

Can now be procured at our place.

We show beautiful nobby suits at $7.25 a suit, elsewhere $10.

But for $10 we can sell you suits which are by far the best values ever shown. All Wool, splendid fitting and attractive garments they are. We may safely say they are worth $15 a suit.

Look at our $5 and $5.50 suits, colors, greys and browns, for boys from 12 to 17 years of age. Stylish goods, stylishly made, and what is best of all splendid wearing garments.

Special this Week.

A line of boys half wool knee pants at 30c a pair, former price 50c; sizes from 4 to 13 years. No difference in price on account of size.

Straw Hats.

We have opened our Straw Hats for this season, and invite inspection. All the new shapes and styles will be represented.

SWEED'S

GREAT BARGAIN HOUSE.

Headquarters for

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Carpets and Oilcloths. House Furnishing Goods.

Main St., Petaluma.

An auction sale of live stock and farming implements will be held at Willow Ranch on Saturday, April 16th. The sale will be conducted by G. W. Sparks. If you want to secure a bargain don't fail to attend the sale.

Voters who desire to vote at the coming fall elections should see that their names are on the New Great Register, as the old register has been canceled. But at the coming municipal election the old register will be used. R. B. Atwood has been appointed a Deputy County Clerk, and will register the voters in this township. Call at once at his office in the Union Hotel.

No Woman

is beautiful with a bad skin, covered with pimples, freckles, moth or tan. I have been asked many times what will remove these unsightly blemishes. No face paints or powders will remove them, as they are caused by impure blood. The only sure remedy I have ever seen is Sulphur Bitters, and in hundreds of cases I have never known them to fail.—*Editress Fashion Gazette.*

For a quiet rural retreat the tourist will find the Union Hotel a first-class house. *

Go to H. Weyl's for Star flour. The best in the market. *

HALE BROS. & CO'S NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

Hale Bros. & Co

PETALUMA.

New Goods Arrive Every Day.

Here you will find Largest Assortment. Latest Styles. Lowest Prices

New Styles in Plain and Fancy Dress Goods, price 20c, 25c, 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c, $1 00 yd.
New Styles in fine Pattern Suits, price $8.50, $9.00, $10.00, $11.00, $12 00
New Styles in Fancy Tennis Flannels, price 6¼c, 8⅓c, 12½c and 15c yd.
New Styles in Fine Ginghams, prices 10c, 12½c, 20c and 25c.
Merrimac Indigo Blue Figured Calicoes, 14 yds for $1.00.
Good Staple Styles in Dark Calicoes, soft finish, 5c yd.
New Styles in Fancy Braid Dress Trimmings, 8⅓c to 50c yd.
Hale's G D Black Sateen Corsets, perfect fitting, $1.00 pair.
Thomson's Patent Glove-Fitting Corsets, long waist, $1.00 pair.
Thomson's Patent Ventilating Corsets, for party wear, $1.25 pair.
Dr. Warner's Health Corsets, price 50c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00 pair.
Childrens' and Misses' Seamless Black Hose, 15c and 20c pair.
Childrens' Misses' and Ladies' Fast Black Hose, 25c pair.
Ladies' Four-Button Kid Gloves, extra value, 75c and $1.00 pair.
Fancy Surah Silk Sashes, with fringed ends, $1.00 each.
Ladies' Fast Black Sateen Skirts, price 95c and $1.50.
Ladies' White Muslin Skirts, extra value, 50c, 75c and $1.00.
Pears and Cuticura Soaps, 3 cakes for 50c.
Dusky Diamond Soap for Engineers, 4 cakes for 25c.
Hale's Turkish Bath Soap, 5c per cake.
Genuine Castile Soap, 5c per cake.
White Foam Floating Soap for bathing, large cakes 10c each.
Ladies' Fine Kid Shoes, with Cloth Top and Patent Leather Tip, $3.00 pair.
Ladies' Fine Kid Oxford Ties, with Patent Leather Tip, $1.50 and $2.50 pair.
Ladies' Fine Kid Button Shoes, $1.50, $2 00, $2 50 and $3.00 pair.
Childrens' and Misses' Fine Kid Button Shoes, Patent Tip, $1.25, $1.65, $2.00 pair.
Infants' Fine Kid Button Shoes, 35c, 50c, 75c and $1.00 pair.
Mens' Medium Heavy Every-Day Shoes, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 pair.
Hale's Extra Fine Calf Shoes, all style toes, $2.50 pair.

Mens' and Boys' Straw Hats. Newest and Latest.

Perfect Fitting and Latest Styles. New Cloths

Mail Orders Promptly Attended To.

Tailoring.

Extremely Low Prices for Cash.

Goods Packed and shipped Free.

HUEL BEAL,

Mission St., above Fourth, San Francisco. 3m

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

HALE BROS. & CO'S NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of William Alexander, deceased, to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within ten days after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator at the office of Robert A. Poppe, on the east side of the Plaza in Sonoma City, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said County of Sonoma, State of California.

JOHN ALEXANDER,
Administrator of the Estate of William Alexander, deceased.

Dated at Sonoma City, Cal., this 12th day of March, 1892.

ROBERT A. POPPE, attorney for estate.

A Leader.

Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medical tonics and alteratives—containing nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of Stomach, Liver or Kidneys. It will cure Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation and drive Malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Price only 50c. per bottle. Sold by Ed. Wegner.

OKLAHOMA HEROINES.

How Mary Simpson Held Her Claim Against a Frontier Desperado.

The opening of Oklahoma has given the venturesome women an opportunity to show what manner of spirit was in them. In the rush for claims and for lots in the Cherokee town women were fully as active and brave as the men.

At the original opening a Missouri girl rode from Arkansas City to Guthrie on horseback, fairly flying over the ground. She was on the edge of Oklahoma when the rush came, and tore ahead of the men into the town. She pounced on one of the best lots, near the government office, and stood her ground. Twice attempts were made to oust her from her position, but she had a revolver clinched in her right hand and the interlopers did not venture. For two days she remained on the lot. Then they told her the lot was in the middle of the street, but she did not give up and got the land registered. It turned out to be in the proper place, and is now one of the most valuable lots in Guthrie. She has leased it for twenty years at a sum which will support her in comfort for that time.

The women who were called on to take part in the rush as assistants of fathers or husbands showed themselves also possessed of courage not to be expected from their class of claim hunters. In hundreds of instances it was their ready wit and supporting courage that enabled men to keep the claims they acquired, and often the women guarded the place while the men went to the distant town for provisions. The bravery that fights poverty and trouble is perhaps as glorious as that which handles revolvers, and the patient, hopeful wives and mothers in the "prairie schooners," keeping up the strength of weary children and their own weary hearts by the mere force of their indomitable will, deserve a credit as lasting and loud sounding as any of the prairie heroines.

One other case in which more than manlike bravery was shown was that of Mary Simpson, the captor of "Ireland," as a noted frontiersman was called. He was the terror of southwestern Nebraska, and for months his deeds rang from settlement to settlement, creating consternation everywhere. Fire, pillage and even murder followed his movements, and many a settler's home was turned to mourning because of his deeds. At last public opinion could stand no more, and when a little baby was badly injured in the struggle that took place when the desperado attempted to pillage a house along the Platte there was a general turning out of the neighbors to capture the villain. He was run into a piece of woods, and the forest was surrounded by the enraged settlers. Not all the man hunters were men, however, for a number of women were present to see the fray, and if necessary take a part in it.

Among these was Mrs Simpson, who was, with her husband, somewhat separated from the remainder of the party. Suddenly they saw a bearded man leap from the underbrush and start as if running for his life for the opposite side of the little clearing in which they stood.

Mr. Simpson was some distance from the horse he had ridden, and his wife leaped into the saddle and followed the man, who was fast escaping. It was well that she had not waited for her husband to come up, for once on the other side of the clearing Ireland found a horse which had been left there by one of his aides, and in an instant he, too, was in the saddle and the race commenced.

It so happened that Ireland must keep due north in order to keep out of the range of a tangle of trees and underbrush. Mrs. Simpson, who was to the west, lashed her horse on a slanting course and drew constantly nearer. Once the man fired a ball at her. She was not hit, however, and the race continued. History records that the woman had practiced considerably throwing the lariat, and now her experience came in good play. Loosening her husband's lasso from the ring of the saddle, she whirled it in long curves around her head.

At last, just as Ireland had reached the open prairie and would be safe, the noose went sailing out after him. Down it settled, steadily and surely, until it came taut with a deadly jerk about his neck. The captor had stopped her horse, and the man was dragged to the ground and soon was in the hands of those he had wronged. Many compliments were spoken and written for this action, and the name of Mary Simpson was for a time familiar throughout the western part of the state.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Embalming Fluids.

A Vienna chemist predicts that the present methods of our taxidermists will soon be superseded by the use of embalming fluids—mineral solutions that can be injected into the veins of animals and birds (and even into cellular tissue of plants), and by ... to the consistency of stone ... pregnated object a fairly ... Experiments ...

It has been claimed ... preparation ... law can be beaten, others ... trying cannot be prevented ... periment. The following editorial ... the San Francisco Examiner seems to state the case about as fairly as it can be done:

"A correspondent of the Examiner warned the California electors of the method by which the Australian ballot system was beaten in Montana. It was a variation of the 'Tasmania dodge,' a voter being bribed to bring out a ballot by substituting a piece of blank paper for the official ballot that was given him on entering the booth. In the 'Tasmania dodge' the voter was supposed to vote the blank paper, in the Montana case to tear it up. The official ballot ... same effect ... by a party con... Sec. 5. Section ... hereby amended to read: Sec. 1189. Certificates of nomination shall be filed with the Secretary of State for the nomination of candidates for offices to be filled by the electors of the entire State, or for members of the State Board of Equalization, State Board ... Railroad Commissioners, or House of ... tatives. Certificates of nomination ... with the Clerk or Secretary of the ... body of any incorporated city or ... nomination of any candidate for ... the government of any city or ... by the electors of such city or ... other nominations to public offi... and opposite ... ment of ... sweight years old; weight about ... pounds; well broke. Will be sold ... cheap for cash. For further particulars apply at this office.

A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. If you have never used this Great Cough Medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at Ed. Wegner's drug store. Large bottles 50c and $1.00.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma and all throat and Lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases. He has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all who desire it, this receipt in German, French, or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. Noyes, 850 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cure Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by E. Wegner, Druggist.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"August Flower"

What is It For?

This is the query perpetually on your little boy's lips. And he is no worse than the bigger, older, balder-headed boys. Life is an interrogation point. "What is it for?" we continually cry from the cradle to the grave. So with this little introductory sermon we turn and ask: "What is AUGUST FLOWER FOR?" As easily answered as asked: It is for Dyspepsia. It is a special remedy for the Stomach and Liver. Nothing more than this; but this brimful. We believe August Flower cures Dyspepsia. We know it will. We have reasons for knowing it. Twenty years ago it started in a small country town. To-day it has an honored place in every city and country store, possesses one of the largest manufacturing plants in the country and sells everywhere. Why is this? The reason is as simple as a child's thought. It is honest, does one thing, and does it right along—it cures Dyspepsia.

G. G. GREEN, Sole Man'fr, Woodbury, N.J.

SULPHUR BITTERS

ARE YOU low spirited and suffering from the excesses of youth? If so, Sulphur Bitters will cure you.

Is your Urine thick, ropy, cloudy, or high-colored? Don't wait! Your **KIDNEYS** are being ruined. Use Sulphur Bitters.

One bottle of Sulphur Bitters will do you more good than all the Latin prescriptions of drugs and mineral poisons which will remain in your system, destroy your bones, and make you a poor, weak, and broken down Invalid. No person can remain long sick who uses Sulphur Bitters. If

YOUR DAUGHTER'S FACE

is covered with ugly sores, and festering Pimples, give her Sulphur Bitters. Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use Sulphur Bitters. None better.

Try Sulphur Bitters **TO-NIGHT**, and you will sleep well and feel better for it.

Sulphur Bitters will make your blood pure, rich and strong and your flesh hard. Get a bottle now.

ARE YOU nervous and fretty, or in **DELICATE** health? Sulphur Bitters will make a new person of you.

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published.

PASTOR KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC

St. Vitus Dance Cured. VITA

SAN ANDREAS, Cal. Co., Cal., Feb. 1889.

My boy, 13 years old, was so affected by St. Vitus Dance that he could not go to school for 2 years. Two bottles of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic restored his health, and he is now attending school again.

MICHAEL O'CONNEL.

Could Have Saved Misery.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., January, '89.

I was treated by several physicians since 7 years to get cured of epilepsy, but the attack became more violent and oftener; since I take Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic I feel delighted at my improvement. Had I known of this remedy years ago, I could have saved much misery and worriment of mind and body.

MRS. W. PETERS.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1874 and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Druggists at $1 per Bottle. 6 for $5 Large Size, $1.75. 6 Bottles for $9.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

MISCELLANEOUS.

I X L COMPOUND.

The Greatest Insecticide and Fungicide.

Is scale injuring your trees and disfiguring your fruit?

Is the mildew threatening your grapes and vines?

Is the curl leaf making your trees weak and leafless?

Are your pears and apples wormy and hideous to sight?

Are the blossoms dropping and trees losing their fruit?

Then use for the Destruction and Prevention that wash which can be as effectively applied in summer as in winter, the

I X L COMPOUND.

O. B. SHAW, Agent,

ja24 SONOMA. 1y

F. G. Nagle

SOLD OUT!

THIS AGREEMENT MADE AND ENTERED INTO this third day of October, 1887, between F. G. Nagle of the City of Santa Rosa, party of the first part, and J. W. Ragsdale and H. C. Brown of the same place, the parties of the second part, Witnesseth: That the party of the first part for and in consideration of the sum of SEVEN THOUSAND DOLLARS gold coin of the United States of America to him in hand paid by the parties of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, does by these presents sell, assign, convey, transfer and set over unto the said parties of the second part and their heirs forever, all those abstracts, books of abstracts, papers, records and files of every nature and kind pertaining to the business of abstracting or conveyancing now conducted and carried on by the party of the first part, at the City of Santa Rosa, Sonoma county; also all the business now on hand or contracted to be done by the party of the first part, as searcher of Records, Abstracter, or Conveyancer; also all the furniture, fixtures and safe now in the office of said party of the first part, in said City of Santa Rosa.

To have and hold the same and the whole thereof, unto the said party of the second part and to their heirs forever.

And in consideration of the premises the party of the first part hereby sells, transfers and conveys unto the said parties of the second part, the good will of said business, that is to say the good will of the business of the party of the first part as Searcher of Records, Abstracter and Conveyancer in the County of Sonoma, and the whole thereof.

And the said party of the first part hereby promises, covenants and agrees to and with the parties of the second part, and their heirs, to refrain from and not to carry on or conduct, or in any other manner be engaged in, directly or indirectly, as owner, employee, or otherwise in the business of Searcher of Records, Abstracter or Conveyancer in said County of Sonoma, or any part thereof, so long as the parties of the second part, OR EITHER OF THEM, shall carry on a like business in said Sonoma county.

Provided, that the said party of the first part may carry on the business of Conveyancing in any portion of the said County of Sonoma, except in the City of Santa Rosa.

In witness whereof the said party of the first part has hereunto set his hand and seal the day and year first above written.

F. G. NAGLE [SEAL.]

Witness, B. M. SPENCER.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, } ss.
County of Sonoma. }

On this seventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, before me, C. S. Farquar, a Notary Public in and for said Sonoma county, personally appeared B. M. Spencer, known to me to be the same person whose name is subscribed to the within instrument as a subscribing witness thereto, who being by me first duly sworn, deposed and said: That he resides in the City of Santa Rosa, Sonoma county California; that F. G. Nagle the person whose name is subscribed to the said instrument as a party thereto is the person described in it; that said F. G. Nagle executed the same, and that he, said B. M. Spencer, subscribed his name thereto as a witness.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official Seal, the day and year in this certificate first above written. C. S. FARQUAR

SEAL. Notary Public.

Recorded at the request of J. W. Ragsdale, July 7, 1891, at 1 Min past 9 o'clock P. M.

GIL. P. HALL, Recorder,
By W. H. POOL, Deputy Recorder.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, } ss.
County of Sonoma. }

I, Gil. P. Hall, County Recorder in and for said County and State hereby certify that the above and foregoing, as hereunto annexed, is a full, true and correct copy of an Instrument of Record in my office, as the same appears recorded in Liber "B" of Bonds and Agreements, page 881 of Sonoma County Records, and that the copy has been compared by me with the original, and is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original.

Witness my hand and official seal this 7th day of July, A. D. 1891.

SEAL. GIL. P. HALL, County Recorder,
By W. H. POOL, Deputy Recorder.

J. W. RAGSDALE

Is now conducting the Abstract Business and Conveyancing at the office of the

Sonoma County Abstract Bureau
Exchange Ave., Santa Rosa.

Do you Want to Save

from 25 to 50 cents

On Every Dollar You Spend.

If so, write for our Mammoth Illustrated Catalogue, containing lowest manufacturer's prices of Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Hardware, Agricultural Implements, etc.

Mailed on receipt of 20 cents for postage.

Chicago General Supply Co.,
178 West Van Buren St.

For Sale.

Two Work Horses!

MISCELLANEOUS.

For Sale!

Residence and Blacksmith Shop.

ONLY $1200. Located in Glen Ellen. Blacksmith shop well supplied with tools, material and stock and doing a good business. Residence of seven rooms completely furnished.

For further particulars enquire of

MRS. T. J. SULLIVAN,
Glen Ellen, Cal.

Or at this office.

GLEN ELLEN
Livery & Feed Stable

G. W. BEATTY, Proprietor.

Visitors to Glen Ellen and the traveling public can now be accommodated with teams.

The best care and attention will be given horses.

Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month.

d1 Terms Moderate. Give me a Call. 3m

TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER

This Trade Mark is on The Best Waterproof Coat in the world.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Pub. A. J. Tower, Boston.

J. G. MARCY,

MANUFACTURER OF

TINWARE,

—AND—

Dealer in Stoves, Hardware, Pumps, Etc.

Superior Tinware Made to Order on Short Notice.

HAVING RECENTLY ADDED ENTIRELY NEW machinery to my establishment, I am prepared to manufacture all kinds of Tinware to Order, which in durability cannot be beat.

PRICES REASONABLE
East Side Broadway,
SONOMA, CAL.

GUNS

Send for 80 Page Illustrated Catalogue.

EVERY VARIETY OF

Ammunition

FOR ALL KINDS OF GAME

WINCHESTER

REPEATING ARMS CO.,

New Haven, Conn.

PILES

"ANAKESIC" gives instant relief and is an infallible Cure for Piles. Price $1. By Druggists or mail. Samples free. Address "ANAKESIS," Box 2416, New York City.

P. SWIFT,

SUCCESSOR TO

LEWIS & SWIFT,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

LUMBER

215 Spear & 28 Howard Streets.

PINE YRDS. N. W. corner Fremont and Bryant Streets.

San Francisco, Cal

Telephone No. 806. feb 15ly

A word is being made by Jos. R. Goodwin, Troy, N.Y., at work for us. Reader, you may not make as much, but we can teach you quickly how to earn from $5 to $20 a day at the start, and more as you go on. Both sexes, all ages, in any part of America, you can commence at home, giving all your time or spare moments only to the work. All is new. Great pay SURE for every worker. We start you, furnishing everything. EASILY, SPEEDILY learned. PARTICULARS FREE. Address at once, GEORGE STINSON & CO., PORTLAND, MAINE.

MISS-OUTS CRAP. Banks always win. Only dice for the inside. 200 sets in a case, all winning. Perfect work, weight, and cannot be detected by outsiders. Confidential correspondence with games invited. Price "Miss-Outs" per set, $5; high colow, $10. Ordinary work, to pass, bone, 1-2 or 3/4 inch, pair, $1; ivory, $1.50. Finest marked cards made, $60, $1, $1.25 a Pack. 24-page cat. FREE. Dice guaranteed. ELY Bldg., Box P, Chicago, Ill.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Paint Your Houses

NOW IS THE TIME TO DO IT.

TO DO IT WELL USE

Pacific Rubber Paint

PACIFIC RUBBER PAINT
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
WHITTIER, FULLER & CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
TRADE MARK
Patented June 22, 1869. April 9, 1872

It has stood the Test for Twenty Years

Mixed Ready for Use.

Send for Sample Book of Shades and Price List.

WHITTIER, FULLER & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

W. W. ELLIS

DEALER IN

Plumbing Material and Tinware.

Napa st., Sonoma, opposite Durhing's corner.

Repairing a Specialty.

All Work Done in a First-Class and Workmanlike Manner and Guaranteed.

ALSO AGENT FOR THE

GEM STEEL WIND ENGINE

AND

Steel Tower.

This Windmill Runs Without Oiling.

Having just started business in Sonoma where I have come to stay, a share of the public patronage is solicited.

W. W. ELLIS.

S F & N P Railway.

SONOMA VALLEY BRANCH.

TIME SCHEDULE.

Takes Effect April 27, 1890.

Week days Only.

North Bound Mixed...	North Bound Pass'r...	STATIONS.	South Bound Pass'r...	South Bound Mixed...
A M	P M		A M	P M
7 40	5 00	San Francisco	8 50	6 05
9 10	6 30	Ignacio	7 20	4 35
9 23	6 43	Serena	7 06	4 21
9 37	6 57	Sears' Point	7 00	4 05
9 44	7 04	McGill's	6 54	3 57
10 04	6 52	Schellville	6 45	3 37
10 10	6 57	Vineyard	6 41	3 31
10 23	7 09	Buena Vista	6 34	3 05
10 10	7 04	Sonoma	6 35	2 55
10 33	7 09	Verano	6 31	2 22
10 37	7 13	Agua Caliente	6 28	2 27
11 00	7 13	Watrias'	6 26	2 —
11 05	7 15	Madrone	6 24	2 19
11 10	7 20	Hill's	6 23	2 15
A M	P M	Glen Ellen	6 20	2 10
			A M	P M

Sunday's Only.

Pass'r...	STATIONS	Pass'r...	Pass'r...
		A M	P M
8 00	San Francisco	10 40	6 05
9 30	Ignacio	9 50	4 30
9 43	Serena	8 49	4 16
9 48	Sears' Point	40	4 11
9 58	McGill's	32	4 03
10 05	Schellville	8 23	3 54
10 10	Vineyard	8 18	3 49
10 14	Buena Vista	8 14	3 45
10 20	Sonoma	8 10	3 40
10 24	Verano	8 06	3 34
10 27	Agua Caliente	8 01	3 31
10 29	Watries'	7 58	3 29
10 31	Madrone	7 56	3 26
10 34	Hill's	7 54	3 24
10 40	Glen Ellen	7 50	3 10
A M		A M	P M

G. H. WHITING, Gen. Supt.
PETER J. McGLYNN Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt.

JOSEPH A. COWEN,

Book-Binder

—AND—

Blank Book Manufacturer,

PETALUMA.

G. DeBERNARDI,

Stone Mason.

Sonoma, Cal.

STONE BUILDINGS, VAULTS, CEMENT SIDE walks, etc., constructed by contract or day work. The Postoffice, Dalpogetto's and other stone buildings in Sonoma are specimens of my work.

TERMS REASONABLE.

Orders left at this office promptly attended to. j9 1y

LOST.

A Silver Match Box.

Containing a pair of gold linked sleeve-buttons and a gold watch chain. Lost on road between Sonoma and Los Guilicos. Finder will please leave at this office and receive reward.

MONEY

Beginners earn from $75 to $200 per week, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you employment, and will teach you by mail, wherever you live. Send us your address and we will explain the business fully; remember we guarantee a clear income to all who go to work at once. Nothing like it ever offered before. Capital not required; we will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. It is easy for anyone, especially the industrious, to make from $5 to $25 every day in the year, and live at home. Even beginners are earning from one to five dollars per hour. All who want work, and those who are not satisfied with their present employment, should write to us at once for full information, which we mail free. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

MISCELLANEOUS.

M. F. TURLEY. JULIUS FOCHETTI.

Fochetti & Turley,

GLEN ELLEN,

General Blacksmiths and Wagonmakers,

AND DEALERS IN

Agricultural Implements.

Having bought out the business of H. Wonderville in Glen Ellen, we are now prepared to do all work in our line on short notice and will pay particular attention to the business.

Horse-Shoeing a Specialty.

UNION

Livery & Feed Stables,

SONOMA, CAL

—o—

GRANVILLE S. HARRIS, Proprietor.

First-class Stables in every Particular

HORSES BOARDED BY THE WEEK OR MONTH.

☞ Terms Reasonable ☜

Stage Office of Santa Rosa & Carquinez R. R.

Chas. J. Poppe

DEALER IN

General Merchandise,

POSTMASTER & INSURANCE AGENT.

GLEN ELLEN, SONOMA CO., CAL.

HENRY BARON,

The Artist,

Napa Street, Sonoma, Cal.

Cemetery Work.

—o—

Tombstones, Monuments and Cemetery Work of Every Description

Done in First-class manner on short notice and on Reasonable Terms.

Wm. TRUDGEN, Sonoma.

PALMER,

THE SHOE MAN!

PETALUMA, CAL.

—o—

OXFORDS in pointed toe, plain toe, prices to suit the times.

PALMER'S seamless $2.50 shoe in gaiters, lace and button, in pointed toe and plain. I will guaranteed every pair I sell, and if they rip or tear in any reasonable time I will repair them free of charge.

Ladies Lace Oxford Ties D and E	$1 25
Ladies Lace Oxford Ties D and E	1 50
Ladies Lace Oxford Ties Fine B C and D	2 00
Ladies Lace Oxford Ties A B C and D	2 50
Ladies Square Toe and Tip Oxford A to E (something fine)	3 00
Ladies French Kid Common Sense A to EE	3 50
Ladies French Kid Common sense A to EE	5 00
Ladies French Kid Square Toe and Tip A to E	5 00
Ladies Fine Dongola Square Toe and Tip A to E	4 00
Ladies Fine Dongola Square Toe and Tip B to EE	3 00
Ladies Fine Dongola Square Toe and Tip D and E	3 50

Orders by mail will be promptly filled.

H. H. GRANICE.

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

SONOMA, CAL.

OFFERS FOR SALE SOME OF THE FINEST PROPERTIES IN SONOMA VALLEY.